		[2]	
Roll No	Total Printed Pages - 8	 Electromagnetic wave of frequency W can propagate in plasma if - (W₀-plasma frequency) 	
F - 983 M.Sc. (Fourth Semester) EXAMINATION, MAY-JUNE, 2022 PHYSICS		(A) $W > W_0$	
		(B) $W = W_0$	
		(C) $W < W_{o}$	
		(D) None of these	
		 Conductivity of plasma with temperature: (A) Increases 	
			Paper Third
(Solid State Physics - II)		(C) Unchanged	
Time : Three Hours	Maximum Marka : 90	(D) None of these	
Time . Three Hours	[Maximum Marks . 60	(D) None of these	
Note : Answer as per the instruction in each section.		 Polaritons are quasi-particles related to interaction between: 	
(Section-A)		(A) Electromagnetic Wayes and Electrons	
(Objective/Multiple Choice Questions) (1 mark each)		(B) Electromagnetic Wayes and Dipoles	
Note- Attempt all questions.		(C) Plasma Oscillations and Dipoles	
Choose the correct answer.		(D) None of these	
1. Plasma contains:		5. In dielectrics, the polarization is function of	
(A) Positively charged par	ticles only	electric field	
(B) Negatively charged particles only		(A) Linear	
(C) Neutral particles only		(B) Quadratic	
(D) Both positively and neg over all neutrality	atively charged particles with	(C) Logarithmic	
,		(D) Exponential	
	P.T.O.	F - 983	

- 6. Molecular polarizability is produced due to:
 - (A) Preferred orientation of dipoles
 - (B) Relative displacement of nucleus and electrons
 - (C) Displacement of ions
 - (D) None of these
- 7. Ferro-electricity arises due to:
 - (A) Nearly perfect alignment of permanent electric dipole
 - (B) Enhanced ionic polarization
 - (C) Enhanced Electronic polarization
 - (D) None of these
- 8. A second order phase transition is one in which the plot of ______ as a function on temperature shows discontinuity.
 - (A) Entropy
 - (B) Specific Heat
 - (C) Volume
 - (D) Pressure
- 9. The temperature below which certain materials are ferromagnetic and above which these are paramagnetic is called:
 - (A) Weiss temperature
 - (B) Curie temperature
 - (C) Neel temperature
 - (D) Van Vleck temperature
- F 983

P.T.O.

10. Dimensions of susceptibility is:

- (A) Wb/m^2
- (B) Wb/m
- (C) amp/m
- (D) Dimensionless
- 11. What is the group number of iron?
 - (A) 8
 - (B) 2
 - (C) 10
 - (D) 20
- 12. By application of magnetic field at a fixed temperature, the entropy of the system:
 - (A) Decreases
 - (B) Increased
 - (C) Remains unchanged
 - (D) None of these
- 13. According to Curie-Weiss law, the susceptibility of diamagnetic substance is:
 - (A) Less than 1
 - (B) Equal to 1
 - (C) Greater than 1
 - (D) Infinite
- F 983

- 14. Ferromagnetism is due to:
 - (A) Spin of Atoms
 - (B) Spin of Nucleus
 - (C) Spin of Protons
 - (D) Spin of Electrons
- 15. According to Heisenberg, the large molecular magnetic field is due to:
 - (A) Coulomb Intersection
 - (B) Spin-orbit Intersection
 - (C) Exchange Intersection
 - (D) Dipole-dipole Intersection
- 16. The Bloch Walls separate:
 - (A) Two different semiconductors
 - (B) Two differently doped layers of a semiconductor
 - (C) Crystallites of polycrystalline material
 - (D) Domains of ferromagnetic material
- 17. The electron capture in negative ion vacancy is known as:

P.T.O.

- (A) K-Center
- (B) F Center
- (C) V-Center
- (D) F' Center

18. The following types of imperfections in crystals are not point defects:

[6]

- (A) Colour centers
- (B) Schottky defects
- (C) Dislocation
- (D) Interestials
- 19. A screw dislocation moves:
 - (A) Perpendicular to its length and parallel to slip direction
 - (B) Parallel to length and perpendicular to slip direction
 - (C) Perpendicular to both, length & slip direction
 - (D) Parallel to both length and slip direction
- 20. Increase in dislocation density causes:
 - (A) Increase in hardness
 - (B) Decrease in hardness
 - (C) No change in hardness
 - (D) Random change in hardness

(Section- B)

(Very Short Answer Type Questions)

(2 marks each)

Note : Attempt all questions.

- 1. Why alkali metals are transparent to ultraviolet light?
- 2. What is depolarization field?
- F 983

3. What is meant by Ferro-elasticity?

- 4. Give Hund rule.
- 5. What are iron garnets?
- 6. What is meant by ferromagnetic domains?
- 7. Explain optical reflection.
- 8. Define dislocation density.

(Section - C)

(Short Answer Type Questions)

(3 marks each)

Note : Attempt all questions.

- 1. Explain longitudinal plasma oscillations.
- 2. Describe electrostatic screening.
- 3. Obtain relation between dielectric constant and polarizability.
- 4. Explain spectroscopic splitting factor.
- 5. Discuss temperature dependence of parmagnetism.
- 6. Discuss susceptibility of anti ferromagnetic materials below Neel temperature.
- 7. Explain quantization of spin waves.
- 8. Describe hardness of materials.
- F 983

[8] Section D

(Long Answer Type Questions)

(5 marks each)

Note:- Attempt any four questions.

- 1. Obtain dispersion relation of E.M. Waves.
- 2. Describe macroscopic electric field. Discuss various local fields contributing to the net field.
- 3. Explain cooling by demagnetization. What is the lowest temperature obtained by this method?
- 4. Discuss ferromagnetic order. Explain how the saturation magnetization depends on temperature.
- 5. Describe shear strength of single crystals and obtain its expressions.
- 6. Explain Ferro-electricity and anti Ferro-electricity.
- 7. What do you mean by part defects in crystals? Describe various types of point defects.

P.T.O.